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## The Worn-out Font of Type.

I'm sitting by my desk, George,  
Before me on the floor  
There lies a worn-out font of type,  
Full twenty thousand score.  
And many months have passed, George,  
Since they were bright and new,  
And many are the tales they've told—  
The false, the strange, the true.  
What tales of horror they have told,  
Of tempest and of wreck;  
Of murder in the midnight hour,  
Of war till many "a speak!"  
Of ships that lost away at sea  
Went down before the blast,  
Of stifled cries of agony  
As life's last moments passed.  
Of earthquakes and of suicides,  
Of failing crops of cotton,  
Of bank defaulters, broken banks,  
And banking systems rotten.  
Of battles hunting, steamboats snagg'd,  
Of riots, duels fought,  
Of soldiers with their prey,  
Of thieves, their booty caught.  
Of flood, and fire, and accident,  
Those worn-out types have told,  
And how the postoffice was swept  
The youthful and the old;  
Of marriages, of births and deaths,  
Of things to please or vex us,  
Of one man jumping overboard,  
Another gone to Texas.  
They've told how sweet summer days  
Have faded from our view,  
How autumn's chilling winds have swept  
The leaf-crowned forests through;  
How winter's snow hath come and gone—  
Dark reign of storm and strife—  
And how the smiling spring hath warned  
The pale flowers back to life.  
I can't pretend to mention half  
My ink friends have told,  
Since shining bright and beautiful  
They issued from the mould.  
How unto some they joy have brought,  
To others grief and tears;  
Yet faithfully the record kept  
Of fast receding years.

For the Herald.

Zach Brown.

Our friend Zach Brown is a Radical of the enthusiastic kind, he effervesces for very slight causes; his wife, on the other hand, takes no stock in the Radical bark, but politics is not the only rock upon which they split. Zach finds it pretty hot on occasions, which to a man whose avocations float up to within an ounce or two of two hundred, is not very pleasant with the thermometer at 98 degrees and rising.

His domestic troubles, though frequent, are transient in their nature, and his heroic attempts to break the force of the peculiar circumstances by which he is surrounded, by volunteering to do the churning after one of his connubial squalls, are very commendable. Unfortunately for him, these squalls of industry and reform are about as successful as Radical attempts at retrenchment and reform generally are.

A day or two ago his enthusiasm worked up to fever heat, but Zach never mounted his political stilts without, somehow, meeting an inglorious fall, not since he married. So to cool the fire he had kindled, he essayed to play the affectionate and model husband, by offering to help his wife do the morning chores. Naturally his eyes turned towards the churn, for what man is there who is not ready to avow that his ability for making the butter come far surpasses all others?

Mrs. Brown nodded a short, quick, nervous kind of nod—a nod which said as plain as words, "Yes, and go about it quick, or you'll have another storm about your ears worse than the one you've just had." Brown ignited his pipe, took his Radical Bible (the Daily Commercial) and sat down to his work. The churn was a two-gallon crock, and Mrs. Brown expected a splendid cake of rich, yellow butter as the result of the enterprise, her investment being one and a half gallons of good cream. Company was expected that day for dinner, and as the good dame, in her imagination, saw the pleased countenance of her visitors at beholding the tempting pile in the butter dish, her smile was childlike and bland.

Zach Brown, like many a good man before him, miscalculated his native ability. Smoking an old stone pipe, reading the Commercial and working the churn dasher at one and the same time proved too much for him. It was the Commercial, though, which brought on the climax. The editorial encomiums of that delectable sheet upon the letter of acceptance from Cincinnati's new fledged, modern Reformer were so sweetly modulated, so artistically sugar-coated as to completely enthrall the unfortunate Brown.

Forgetful of his surroundings—forgetful of storms and thunder gusts—forgetful of everything except Radical panygerics—back went his head, his pipe falling on the floor behind him, out went his feet, and out, too, went the churn, rolling down three steps to the ground and falling into three pieces. There was a deposit of butter on each

step, and a mixture of butter, butter-milk and mud just beyond the lower step. Brown heeded not the catastrophe, but swung the hammer of inspiration above his head, spasmodically ejaculating, "I George! the greatest man in the party! President, sure's a gun! 'rah!'"

His boyish enthusiasm was soon changed to dismay as he beheld the ruin occasioned by his youthful preoccupation.

"What will Mrs. Brown say? Thunder and lightning—the churn in pieces—Durn that paper! it brought all this devilish luck about!"

Mrs. B. happened, just at that important moment, to put in an appearance. She took in the situation at a glance. Her disappointment may well be imagined. Butter lost, churn broken, butter-milk wasted and company for dinner—too bad, too bad.

Her face brightened, there was fire in her eye, and quick as thought her hands were in the heterogeneous mass, and equally quick there was an oily application to Brown's physiognomy. Misfortunes never come singly. Zach thought so on the present occasion, as Mrs. B. taking up the largest piece of the broken churn, applied it with peculiar directness to that division of his body which Gen. Pope called his head quarters during the late "unpleasantness." Zach hurried out of harm's way, and with a most woe-begone expression of countenance, said, apologetically, "See here, ole 'oman, how in thunder could a fellow help 'naccident?"

"Zach Brown," thundered the mad-dened female, "where'll we get butter for dinner, tell me that?"

"Dampfino," said Zach, "'rah for Whazin Heeler!"

For the Herald.

To Whom She Could Never Love.

A woman never quite forgets the man who first loved her. She may not have loved him; she may have given him a "no" instead of the "yes" he hoped for; but the remembrance that he desired the "yes" always softens her thoughts of him, and would make him, were he minded it should be so, a friend forever. There are girls who make a list of discarded suitors, but they are generally very young, and the wooing did not betoken much depth of tenderness, but to have touched a man's heart is something not to be forgotten while she lives. Always she remembers how his eyes looked into hers; how, perhaps, he touched her hand with his, and said "I don't believe I can ever love again," and how her heart ached when he was gone, without that which she could not give him. She loves some one else; some other man has all the truth of her soul. Though fate may have caused them to separate, and boundless ocean may roll between them—they may never meet, still each heart will beat for the other. But she cannot forget the one she has sent from her to go his way and come no more. She is glad when she hears of his success; grieves when she knows that he has suffered. When she heard he was married—she who, at all events, would never have married him—is she glad then? I do not know—I do not believe she knows herself. Glad? yes, and is his wife pretty and nice; and often she says to herself, "I hope he has quite forgotten—Oh, how I would like to meet them, and know that they like me." A. E. W.

A book agent who started out to canvass for "The Tribulations of the Martyrs," was kicked out of five offices the first day, and nearly scalded to death by an irate woman whom he interrupted in her culinary duties. Now he swears that the tribulations of the martyrs amount to just nothing compared to his own, and he waits his new edition of the book is printed. [Norristown Herald.]

After both the Republican and Democratic nominations were made, Mr. Schurz pretended he could not make up his mind which candidate to support till he had seen Hayes' letter of acceptance. Why in the name of the independence which Mr. Schurz professed didn't he keep his mind unmade up a little longer till he had seen Tilden's and Hendricks' letters also?—St. Louis Republican.

JOSH RILLINGS says: "Any business firm that hasn't got sand enough in its craw to expend a few dollars in making its business known to three or four thousand people, ought to pack up and go peddling peanuts."

## A Letter From Paradise.

PARADISE, KY., Aug. 28, 1876.

Editor Herald:

It is with much timidity that I attempt to advance a few ideas of my own regarding the actions of our forefathers in the days of '76, but having heard the justice of their cause called into question, in not having sufficient civil cause to justify them in the course they pursued, I deem it not wrong that my views, however insignificant, should appear along with the rest.

In listening to a discourse on centennial subjects sometime since, I was somewhat surprised to hear the actions of the people regarding the stamp act and tea tax denominated as acts of rowdism, and unworthy to be classed among the patriotic acts of men, and the clamoring of the people for the repeal of the same, merely the cry of a lawless mob. The actions of the Boston tea party were also severely criticised, inasmuch as their anger was not being vented on the government of England, but on an innocent trader who had brought his goods for barter to an American port, and by this means destroying the fortunes of an innocent man. We would like to ask here if it is common in the affairs of a nation for the fortunes of an individual to be considered? We will say by way of answer that it is not often the case, but on the contrary the destruction is indiscriminate. Of course this tea party was only a demonstration, an act to declare the voice of the people; and they hoped by this means to have the obnoxious law repealed without resorting to other means.

The speaker, among other things, asserted that they (the people of the colonies) had no more right to raise the arm of rebellion against the acts of the British Parliament than we of the present day have to put down the iniquitous laws that curse our land, and are daily put in force around us. Upon this point we beg leave to differ for two reasons. First, the law-making body that sought to govern the people here was one composed of dwellers in a foreign land, of a people that could be expected to know but little of the wants of a people that dwelt on a continent situated thousands of miles from the land of their own nativity. Second, that while the colonists had no voice whatever in the making of laws, no representation with the interest of the people at heart to plead for their welfare in the halls of legislation, we of this republican age are virtually our own law-makers, the people from time having the right, as well as opportunity, to elect and place in the stead of such as have proved false to the trust reposed in them, by the enacting of laws contrary to the interests of their constituency, men honest and capable, who will work for the public good, and not solely for the advancement of their own individual ends. And when the people fail of their duty in the re-election of those who have proved themselves enemies to liberty, they themselves are to blame, and therefore should not murmur; and the minor party in such cases being compelled to submit to the majority with or without a struggle, as the case may be.

The speaker above referred to did not deny that the people had not sufficient cause for war, but that the chief cause was the oppression under which the people groaned in church affairs. Now that this idea is erroneous is apparent from the fact that if the people were oppressed religiously (of which there is no doubt) they were their own oppressors, seemingly by the speaker's own consent, for said he, "The people in fleeing from religious persecutions in their native land enacted laws for far more rigorous and oppressive than those for which they had forsaken home and the land of their birth." Now as it is well-known that it always requires a majority of any law-making body to make a law that is valid, it can be seen at a glance that this could not have been the moving cause of the people's rebellion, for of course had it been, as the oppressors were in the majority the cause of liberty would have been nipped in the bud without the aid of British authority.

The aforesaid speaker said that the various taxes that were imposed on the American people were to pay expenses incurred by the English government in war for the protection of the people against the depredations of the French and Indians, whose lawless hordes, at different times, infested the country. Ah, yes, there we have it! To prevent the French from encroaching on English territory, to extend the power

of the British scepter and to retain under her rule the goodly land of America. That is the reason the people were taxed so unjustly. Unjustly, we say, because they were taxed without their consent, taxed without representation, and forced to pay the same as if they were slaves, and slaves they were until, by a general uprising, they threw off the yoke of British tyranny, and declared themselves free.

Reference was also made to the English heroes(?) spilled their blood in defense of the colonies, Wolfe, the immortal Braddock, and others too numerous to mention in present space. Mention is made in history of Braddock's being sent with a force of Virginians to repel the advancing hordes of French and Indians, and he being totally unacquainted with the modes of Indian warfare, upon being advised by a young Virginian who had been brought up side by side with the treacherous aborigines of America, to be more cautious in his marches, ordered him to silence and in disgrace to the rear, for daring to offer counsel to the lordly Briton. But for his ignoring of the counsel of the then humble young officer he might have won new laurels for himself in the vanquishment of his enemies, but instead, beneath the barbed arrows of the unerring savage bow, he that day bit the dust.

JUSTICE.

## Impossible to Please All

There is scarcely a newspaper published from one end of the year to the other that will not, if critically considered, give offense to somebody in the community. The politician objects to the way his speech is reported. The buyers of one set of shares are offended because the money column reports another set as going up or going down. Gentlemen who find themselves in the hands of the police are grieved at the licence of the press, which reports their arraignment and trial among the police proceedings. The sympathizer with France is offended at letters from Berlin, and the believers in German unity mourn over dispatches from Paris. The newspaper thus offends some one, just as the weather—rainy to-day and sunny to-morrow—is sure to annoy somebody. The common-sense view is that the newspaper is the history of yesterday written to-day; that it is the mirror of the time, and that those who conduct it care nothing for individuals except to do them justice.—Ex

## The Effect of Tea on the Skin.

If you drop a few drops of strong tea upon a piece of iron, a knife blade for instance, the tannate of iron is formed, which is black. If you mix with iron filings or pulverized iron, you can make a fair article of ink. If you mix it with fresh human blood it forms with the iron of the blood, the tannate of iron. Take human skin and let it soak for a time in strong tea, and it will become leather. Now when we remember that the liquids which enter the stomach are rapidly absorbed by the veins and absorbents of the stomach, and enter into circulation and thrown out of the system by the skin, respiration and kidneys, it is probable that a drink so common as tea and so abundantly used will have some effect. Can it be possible that tannin, introduced with so much liquor-producing perspiration, will have no effect upon the skin? Look at the tea-drinkers in Russia, the Chinese, and the old women of America, who have so long continued the habit of drinking strong tea. Are they not dark colored and leather-skinned? When young they were fair complexioned.

## The Vote in District Convention.

We give below, for the convenience of those who take an interest in the Congressional race, the vote to which each county in this district is entitled in the convention called to meet at Sebree City, September 7th:

Christian	22	Davies	23
Hancock	8	Henderson	21
Hopkins	17	McLean	9
Muhlenberg	10	Ohio	11
Union	17	Webster	11

making a total of 149 votes in convention. From this it will be seen 75 votes will be required to nominate.—[Hopkinsville New Era.]

The newest collar is called the "Safety." It is so named from the fact that it is high enough for a man who wears one to crawl up behind it and hide when his wife steps in at the office to inquire whether he mailed her letters.

## Our New York Letter.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18th.

POLITICAL GOSPEL.

One of the principal topics of conversation to day, among all classes of the community, is the adjournment of Congress. The Democratic party has taken such a decided stand in this campaign, and the people are so thoroughly tired of the machinations of the Grant administration, that the achievements of the session of Congress just brought to a close, are receiving a very close inspection. The Democrats were given control of the House of Representatives on the faith of the pledges which they gave for a purification of the Government and a reduction of our financial burdens. They are now before the country, asking for an extension of their power, and the people naturally ask the question whether they have thus far kept their promises, and accomplished the work which they undertook to perform.

On all hands, except from those whose strong Republican prejudices render them incapable of seeing good in anything proceeding from a Democrat is heard appreciation and commendation for what has been effected. The House has had such gigantic difficulties to overcome, especially at the hands of a Republican Senate and Executive, who were determined to obstruct their every step towards a realization of its purposes, that it has not been able to finish in the intended manner all that it began. It set out with the determination not only to expose corruption, but to punish those against whom crime could be established. In the former part of its task it has succeeded better than any well wisher of his country; in the latter it has too often been thwarted by the interested in office. Notably was this the case in the Belknap impeachment trial. The ex-secretary of War not only confessed his crimes, but on his trial they were conclusively proved against him; yet he escaped the equitable and legal consequences of his misdeeds, by an acceptance, at the hands of the President, of his resignation, after he had admitted his guilt, and the subsequent refusal of the Senate to convict, because he had ceased to be a servant of the people.

In the same manner has been every attempt to reduce the expenditures of the Government. In almost all departments of the service was it found that the sums appropriated for their maintenance were far in excess of what was required for the efficient conducting of their operations. Every means was there tried by the House, to relieve the people of the unnecessary burden, and by every device were endeavors made by the Senate to frustrate the design. The contrast presented by the two branches of the Legislature is so marked as to have attracted the attention of all who have paid attention to their proceedings. In all its actions the House has evinced a desire to promote the welfare of the public, while the Senate has placed obstacles all along its road, and with utter disregard of the well-being of the nation, has concentrated its energies upon a continuance of Grantism, as the prime element of official procedure. That, under these circumstances, the House has achieved so much, is well regarded by the people, and a disposition is strongly evinced to confide still further in the Democratic party, and to afford it the opportunity, with a Democratic President and Senate, of proceeding with its work, free from the embarrassments and hindrances with which it has had to contend during the period just brought to a close.

A great effort has lately been made by the Republican members of both branches of the Legislature to make the chambers in which they meet a political campaign ground. So long as they confined themselves to a laudation of the candidates whom they had placed before the country, they were allowed the small comfort and advantage which could be derived from the manoeuvre. But when attacks, false and vile, were made against the Democratic standard-bearer, the friends of Governor Tilden could not sit quietly by and listen. An occasion of this kind called from Mr. Abram S. Hewitt, the closing evening of the session. Our honored member completely demolished the lies which beings professing to be gentleman, and journals proclaiming their respectability, are manufacturing and circulating through the country, and from his seat in the House placed

Samuel J. Tilden before the people in his true character. Mr. Hewitt has gained many friends for his masterly and generous effort, and his exposure of the tactics of his opponents has done great good to the cause of Reform.

## GRANT AND THE ARMY.

Grant is determined not to disappoint general expectation. He was but waiting for the removal of the watchful eye of Congress before showing his hand in the business of the campaign. He has taken the earliest opportunity to wrest the Scott Lord resolution from its intended and its only legitimate construction, and to make it the only lever by which he can turn the bayonet's point once more towards the South. He finds in Don Cameron a worthy successor to Belknap, and one who will not give him any cause to regret the change that has been made in the head of the War Department. Gen. Sherman will now be in readiness for action at a moment's notice; but there is every reason to suppose that the move will not be so successful as its originators believe and hope.

## FROM LOUISIANA.

A gentleman from Shreveport, Caddo Parish, Louisiana, called at the National Committee Rooms to-day, some interesting statements were made by him. Caddo parish has a population of 10,000 whites and 15,000 blacks. The Democratic majority in 1874 was 608; it was counted out by the State Returning Board, upon certificates of intimidation signed by negroes who could not read, in consideration of the promises of \$5. to be paid at the Court House. The gentleman is a merchant doing a large business with the negroes; he conceived the plan, at that election, of furnishing red Democratic tickets, of which 389 were found in the ballot boxes—thus proving that impressions could be made upon the negro vote. He organized a club of negroes pledged to vote the Democratic ticket in spite of the threats made that, if they joined, their hands and feet should be cut off.

A day or two before his departure for the North the Republican Convention in his district broke up in a fight, in which two or three negroes were killed; being killed by Republicans, it did not constitute an "outrage." He confirms previous assurances that the negro vote will be divided at the coming election. The Freedman's Bank had 40,000 belonging to the colored people of his parish at its failure.

While he expects, beyond doubt, that his State will go Democratic by 20,000 majority, he as confidently expects the State Returning Board to count it out.

The events of 1874, fortunately cannot be re-enacted in 1876 by Packard, nor the whole power of the Administration. That day is forever past.

## A Preference.

"If you prefer the keg of lager or the bottle of wine to me," said Mary, "just take them to the magistrate and get married to them."

"What do you mean?" said John.

"Just what I say. I don't want a young man to come here evenings chewing cloves to hide his breath, and conceal his habit of drinking. If you like lager more than you love me, just marry it at once, and don't divide your affections between woman and wine, or a woman and lager. Love and liquor have no affinity."

"Why, Mary, how you talk!" exclaimed John.

"Yes, I mean what I say; unless you sign the pledge and keep it, you had better not come here any more." John did sign the pledge, and he kept it, and he married Mary.

An editor is described as a man who is liable to grammatical blunders, toothache, typographical errors, and lapses of memory, and has twenty-five thousand people watching to catch him tripping—a man of sorrow and acquainted with grief, poorly paid, poorly estimated, yet envied by some of the great men he has made.

A LONG BRANCH woman, or a woman temporarily sojourning at Long Branch, wears the golden collar of her terrier dog as a bracelet. She loved that puppy.

APOTHECARIES at the seaside resorts are almost as bad as the hotel keepers, for they cheat and swindle fearfully on the stalest of drugs and cheapest of medicines.

# ADVERTISING RATES.

Number	1 Week	2 Weeks	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year
One	1.00	1.50	2.50	5.00	7.50	10.00
Two	1.75	2.50	4.00	7.50	10.00	15.00
Three	2.50	3.50	5.00	10.00	15.00	20.00
Four	3.00	4.00	5.50	12.00	18.00	25.00
5 Col.	4.00	6.00	8.00	15.00	20.00	30.00
6 Col.	6.00	8.00	12.00	18.00	25.00	35.00
7 Col.	10.00	15.00	20.00	35.00	50.00	60.00

For shorter time, at proportional rates. One inch of space constitutes a square.

## He Wanted to Sell a Patent.

Soon after dinner yesterday a very pleasant-faced man having something wrapped up in a paper under his arm, called at a Detroit hotel and requested a few minutes conversation with the landlord. When they were seated the stranger began:

"I am an old landlord myself. I kept a hotel in St. Louis twenty-five years."

"Yes," was the non-committal reply of the landlord.

"And, of course, I know all about the inconveniences of hotel-keeping," resumed the man. "There were bugs around the beds in my hotel, and there are bugs around the beds in every hotel, I suppose. Of course, I used to lie to the guests, but the bugs were there, and I knew it."

"What do you mean?" demanded the landlord growing red clear round his neck.

"Just keep right still," replied the man, "for now I'm coming down to biz. This is the Summer season, isn't it, and the only season when the bugs bite? In the winter season they are dormant, and unless there's a fire in the room they don't get into their work on the weary traveler. Well, the summer season is the season for the mosquito also. All hotels and houses have mosquitoes, and nothing is thought of it. They seem to be a sort of necessity. Travelers will raise a howl over bugs, but they never even grumble at anyone about mosquitoes."

"Sir! do you think I keep a junk shop?" roared the landlord.

"No, sir, I don't. This is a regular hotel, and a very good one. As I was going to remark, I have invented and patented a machine operated by a boy and crank, which you and all other landlords want and will have. It is a machine to imitate the hum of mosquitoes. Its notes can be heard all over each floor, and with a good boy at the crank there can be no failure. The traveler just dozing off to sleep hears the hum. At the same time a bug works out from under the cover. Then more hums and more bugs. Actually, sir, without any lying or exaggerating, men will strike and claw the air all night long to kill imaginary mosquitoes, while the bed bugs go unmolested and grow fat. The hum is a perfect imitation, and has even deceived Yale College professors. Without it, your guests will blow around about bugs. With it, no traveler will mention bugs at all, but will rip and tear at the mosquitoes."

"Do you mean to insult me?" shouted the landlord.

"No, sir."

"But you talk as if I had bugs in my house!"

"I'll tell you what I'll do, landlord. I'll examine five beds, and if I don't find bugs in at least three of them, I'll give you a machine for nothing."

There would have been a nip and tuck fight if the great big porter hadn't jumped in and hit the stranger with an iron boot-jack. The inventor lived, however, and within half an hour was seen bearing down for another hotel in full sail.—[Detroit Free Press.]

## A Boy's Opinion of Hens.

"Hens are curious animals. They don't have no nose, nor no teeth, nor no ears. They swallow their wittles whole, and chew it up in their crops inside of 'em. The outside of hens is generally put into pillows and made inter feather dusters. The inside of a hen is sometimes filled up with marbles, and shirt-buttons, and sich. A hen is very much smaller than anything that ain't a hen. Hens is very useful to lay eggs for plum-pudding. Bet your life I like plum-pudding. Skinny Bates eat so much plum-pudding on e that it sent him inter the colliery. Hens has got wings and can fly when they are scart. I cut my uncle William's hen's neck off with a hatchet, and it scared her to death. Hens sometimes make very fine spring chickens."

THE West Point cadet who shot an amateur hackman is an object of sympathy. Had he only shot a book agent he would have been promoted.

FORTUNE is pained with closed eyes, and there is possibly an unknown reference to this fact in the popular saying of trusting to luck and going it blind.







**THE HERALD.**  
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EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING,  
IN THE TOWN OF  
HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KENTUCKY,  
—BY—  
JOHN P. BARRETT,  
AT THE PRICE OF  
One Dollar and Fifty cents per Year.  
Job work of every description done with  
neatness and dispatch, at city prices. We have  
a full line of job types, and will accept the patronage  
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The postage on every copy of THE HERALD is  
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Should the paper suspend publication, from  
any cause, during the year, we will refund the  
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for the unexpired term with any paper of the  
same price they may select.  
Advertisements of business men are solicited;  
except those of saloon keepers and dealers in in-  
ferior liquors, which we will not admit to our  
columns under any circumstances.  
All communications and contributions for pub-  
lication must be addressed to the Editor.  
Communications are not returned, and job  
work must be addressed to the Publishers.

**General Local News.**

LYCURGUS BARRETT, Local Editor.  
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1876.

**Just Received.**—200 pieces of  
at L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

Mr. Scott Thomas, a young man  
living near Rockport, Ind., and a  
nephew to Judge J. H. Lane, of our  
town, paid us a visit last Saturday.  
He reports crops very good in his sec-  
tion.

Mr. Sam Berry of Yazoo county  
Miss. is visiting our town this week.  
He is a nephew of Dr. W. J. Berry  
of this place. He reports Mississippi  
right side up for Tilden and Hen-  
dricks.

Parties ordering job-work by mail  
should always address their letters to  
the HERALD, instead of the editor per-  
sonally. One or two cases of the kind  
have occurred during the editor's ab-  
sence, and, consequently, a delay was  
made in getting up the work.

For a good pair Bogans go to  
L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

**Take Down Your Sign.**—Uncle  
Billy Wade, near Centerville, has to-  
been growing in his present crop the  
leaves of which measure 23 inches long  
and 34 inches wide, and says Mr. J. S.  
Newcomb must take down his sign  
next. This is the largest yet reported.

We call attention to the beautiful  
picture on fourth page. It is the Cen-  
tral hotel, Louisville, where everybody  
stops when they go to that city. The  
Kellys are well-known to portions  
of the State as generous and warm  
hearted gentlemen, and to all who  
have stopped at the Central as clever  
accommodating landlords.

**Just Received.**—A complete as-  
sessment of Dry Goods, Clothing,  
Boots and Shoes, &c., at  
L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

Mr. GEORGE BARRETT, living one  
and a half miles from this place, has  
leaves of tobacco in his present grow-  
ing crop, that measure 11 inches long  
and 25 1/2 inches wide. Mr. Shelby Bar-  
ker, living near Beaver Dam, has some  
leaves in his crop that measure 27 1/2 by  
37 inches.

Masters Roy Gregory and Eugene  
Pendleton have erected a flag pole  
near the residence of Judge W. F.  
Gregory, and will raise a Tilden and  
Hendricks flag today at 1 o'clock.  
Sam E. Hill will deliver an address to  
the boys on the occasion.

"We'll rally round the good old flag  
With hearts both true and warm.  
And give three cheers, rousing cheers  
For Tilden and Reform."

**Look Here.**—New Dress Goods  
10cts. per yard at  
L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

A large number of the people of  
our county availed themselves of the  
pleasures of the excursion to Louisville  
last Sunday. The train arrived at the  
city about 11 o'clock and all required  
to the Central Hotel for refreshments.  
After partaking of a good dinner, they  
visited some of the many places noted  
for pleasure in the city, and at about  
5 o'clock in the afternoon, left our me-  
tropolis for their homes, highly pleased  
with their visit.

Some few weeks ago, Mr. Goodman  
was putting up a lightning rod for Mr.  
George H. Barnes, a few miles south  
of here, and while engaged at the  
work a rain came up, and the work-  
men took shelter in the house. Dur-  
ing the rain the lightning struck a  
green gum tree about three hundred  
yards from the house and set it on fire.  
It began to look like a necessity to  
have a lightning rod about there some-  
where.

**Just Received.**—Men's, Boys' and  
Youths' Clothing, latest styles at  
L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

**Another Old Citizen Passed Away**

Col. R. T. Bell departed this life, at  
the residence of his daughter, Mrs.  
Ellen Schellenger, in Ohio county, on  
Monday evening, August 7th, 1876,  
aged nearly 84 years.  
The old veteran was born in Wood-  
ford county, in this State, in Novem-  
ber, 1792, and served as a volunteer  
under Gov. Isaac Shelby during the  
war of 1812; removed to Ohio county  
about the year 1833; was twice elected  
to represent this county in the lower  
house of the Kentucky legislature,  
and appointed deputy U. S. Marshal  
to take the census of Ohio county in  
1860, which he did in a manner cred-  
itable to himself and satisfactory to the  
Government, and, during his long and  
useful life, filled many positions of  
public trust and confidence.

This has another of our defenders  
during the second struggle for inde-  
pendence passed away during the cen-  
tennial anniversary of our national ex-  
istence, to be seen no more of men.  
But he died full of years and full of  
honors, mourned by his two faithful  
daughters, his only surviving children,  
numerous grand children, and loving  
friends and neighbors who watched by  
his bedside and ministered to his wants  
with unceasing vigilance, and whose  
wonderful endurance and attention did  
much to alleviate the sufferings of the  
aged invalid.

He died in the hope of a glorious  
immortality, and retained the full pos-  
session of his mental faculties to the last  
and unto the very hour of his death  
manifested a large, vigorous interest in  
the affairs of his people and country.

**Just Received.**—Ladies' Fall and  
Winter Hats.  
L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

The examining trial of John S.  
Moore for the killing of John W. Stear-  
man was concluded before Messrs.  
Coffman and Renter at Cevalro last  
Friday, and the defendant was com-  
mitted for further trial denied bail.  
His counsel, Messrs. Walker & Hub-  
bard, think he was excusable under the  
law and testimony, and have filed a  
petition before his honor, Judge W. F.  
Gregory praying for a writ of *habeas*  
*corpus*, which will determine whether he  
is entitled to bail or not.

Ladies, go to L. Rosenberg & Bro.'s  
and buy your T. Timmings cheap.

**DEATHS.**

**DIED.**—At the residence of her father,  
Thomas S. Evans, Esq., at Beaver Dam,  
on Saturday evening, August 25th, 1876,  
Miss Florence Evans.  
The early death of this interesting  
and amiable young lady has thrown a  
cloud of sorrow over a large circle of  
friends and acquaintances, and the  
tear of grief will trickle down the fair  
face of many a recent school mate of  
the deceased when they read this an-  
nouncement that Florence is no longer  
of this world.

Miss Florence had but recently quit  
school and entered the battle of life full  
of youthful vigor and hopes. Possess-  
ing a fine form and presence, to which  
were added mental grace and culture  
of high order, and, above all, a sweet-  
ness of temper and kindness of dis-  
position, what wonder is it that she  
was a general favorite in the social cir-  
cle, and the crowning joy and pride of  
the little family. An only daughter  
and sister, she was the special delight  
of parents and brothers, and was re-  
ared with a degree of care that could  
only be expected would be bestowed  
upon an only daughter by a watchful  
and affectionate mother and kind and  
liberal father, and right nobly and well  
did she reciprocate all the watchful  
care and great wealth of affection be-  
stowed upon her by parents and broth-  
ers; for a daughter who was affection-  
ate and dutiful, and as a sister loving  
and kind, while many a now grief-  
stricken school-mate can testify that as  
a friend she was faithful and true.

Blended as were the cardinal virtues  
of her character, her death upon the  
very portal of beautiful young woman-  
hood furnishes additional evidence that  
Death does indeed "love a shining  
mark." The family in their deep af-  
fection have the sincere condolence of  
many friends.  
**DIED.**—At Hartford, Ky., August 23,  
1876, about 11 o'clock A. M., little Noble,  
son of Mr. and Mrs. Joel F. Yager, in  
the 3rd year of his life.  
Noble was an unusually bright and  
interesting little boy, and gave fine  
promise of making a brilliant and use-  
ful man, and his premature death was  
a heavy blow upon the loving parents,  
and they have the sympathy of our  
community in their sad bereavement.

Mr. E. C. Hubbard will deliver his  
lecture "Genius and Industry," at Ce-  
valro tomorrow night by request of the  
citizens of that place. Those who have  
heard him, say it is an excellent  
lecture. Turn out and hear him.

Mr. J. G. Walker, of Louisville, has  
been in our town for a week past vis-  
iting relatives.

**From Caneyville.**  
CANEYVILLE, KY., Aug 28, '76.  
Weather hot, hotter, hottest I have  
seen since the age of volcanoes.  
Some young folks of town say they  
will get married shortly, but I don't  
know how shortly.

The Post Office at Madisonville is  
a cool place this summer for there is  
Frost in it all the time.  
A lady wearing a literal pinback  
with the pins in various directions set  
down edgewise on a chair back the  
other day and got up energetically  
without my slightest aid or request.  
A Typo, editor of the "Tom  
Thumb Magazine" published here  
himself on my being careful while re-  
porting for the papers as he has had  
some shocking or shaking experience  
while a journalist. Let us rise and  
sing,

"Am I a soldier of the cross."  
Games at marbles are much in  
vogue here as a summer amusement.  
Some of the boys are very expert  
players, but Amos Stinson is the most  
successful in knocking "milder"  
or clearing the ring at one shot. He  
plays alone against any opposition.  
Will Prof. Tice predict for us a lit-  
tle cool weather soon or sooner.

You are all aware that the Gray-  
son Journal has changed editors.  
School opened here a few days ago  
under the management of Prof. Til-  
ford. Success to you, dear John, in  
your tutorage.

Dr. P. O. Brandon has removed to  
Brooklyn, where he will follow his  
profession. Dr. B. is a splendid  
physician and surgeon, exercising  
much care with patients and giving  
good treatment to the sick.

Messrs. R. J. Daniel and Ed.  
Thomas were in town last Thursday.  
Ministers Board, Frazer and Ward  
held a series of meetings here for ten  
or twelve days prior to last Wednes-  
day with design of reviving religious  
interest in the community. The  
meeting was well attended and several  
of the unconverted became penitent  
but there were no professions.  
The ministers are highly commended for  
their earnest and vigorous efforts at  
moral reform.

The citizens have lately decided and  
are making arrangements to have a  
grand festival and concert here on the  
22d of September, to acquire means  
for building a church. An excursion  
train will be on the road at the time,  
and it is hoped that all who can will  
attend. A few pleasant hours are  
promised everybody coming.

Mr. Romans has lately increased his  
tobacco purchase, so as to make a to-  
tal of over 200,000 pounds. The  
present crop promises to be much  
heavier now than a short time ago.

Mr. Tom Bond is making pretty  
large shipments of tan bark and lum-  
ber.

The dry goods trade is not very  
brisk at this time. BLAKE.

**Appointments.**

The following are the appointments  
of Rev. W. W. Cook for his last  
round on the Hartford circuit for 1876.  
First Sabbath in September at Go-  
shen, 11 o'clock A. M.  
Saturday before the second Sabbath  
at Concord, at 10 o'clock A. M.  
Second Sunday at No Creek, at 11  
o'clock A. M.  
Third Sabbath at Hartford, at 11  
o'clock A. M.  
Church Conference at Hartford,  
Thursday night before 2nd Sabbath  
in September.  
Church conference at No Creek, on  
Friday before 2nd Sabbath in Septem-  
ber, at 10 o'clock A. M.  
Board of Stewards meet at the pa-  
rsonage in Hartford on Thursday before  
the 4th Sabbath in September.  
Last appointment on the work at  
Liberty, 4th Sabbath at 11 o'clock A.  
M.

Muhlenberg county instructed for  
Hon. Jas. A. McKenzie Monday.  
The convention was largely attended,  
and the resolutions endorsing McKen-  
zie were adopted with but two dissent-  
ing voices. We received the proceed-  
ings too late for this issue.

Miss Lydia Griffin reached her old  
home a few days ago, and is stopping  
with her sister, Mrs. W. C. Chapman.

**Joint Discussion.**

Hon. W. R. Haynes assistant elec-  
tor for the State at large, Hon. W.  
T. Ellis, elector of this District, and  
Prof. W. B. Hayward on behalf of the  
Democrats, and Hon. J. Z. Moore  
elector of this District, Hon. E. C.  
Hubbard and Hon. O. P. Johnson on  
behalf of the Republicans, will attend  
the Barbecue at No Creek bridge 3  
miles north of this place on the 9th of  
September and will have a joint dis-  
cussion.  
Let the masses pour out and hear  
these distinguished gentlemen.

**Notice.**  
All notes and accounts due me, that  
are not paid by the first of November  
next, will be put out for collection.  
JAMES F. COLLINS.

**Big Invention.**

Lloyd, the famous map man, who  
made all the maps for General Grant  
and the Union army, certificates of  
which he published, has just invent-  
ed a way of getting a relief plate from  
steel so as to print Lloyd's Map of  
American Continent—showing from  
ocean to ocean—on one entire sheet of  
bank note paper. 40x50 inches large,  
on a lightning press, and colored, siz-  
ed and varnished for the wall so as to  
stand washing, and mailing anywhere  
in the world for 30 cents, or unvarnished  
for 25 cents. This map shows the  
whole United States and Territories in  
a group, from surveys to 1876, with a  
million places on it, such as towns, cit-  
ies, villages, mountains, lakes, rivers,  
streams, gold mines, railway stations,  
etc. This map should be in every  
house. Also, on the same plan, Lloyd's  
Map of Philadelphia and the Centennial  
grounds, showing every house, street  
and number, with twenty-eight col-  
umns of matter on reverse side of map  
of Philadelphia, containing a sketch of  
the whole on one entire sheet of bank  
note paper, two inches larger than the  
New York Herald, to fold and carry in  
the pocket. Send 30 cents to the  
Lloyd Map Company, Philadelphia,  
and you will get a copy of either map  
by return mail.

**Give Your Name.**

We must again request persons who  
send us communications to give us  
their true name. Every week we re-  
ceive communications without any  
name. We will publish any fictitious  
name you may send us, but we want  
your real name, as an evidence of  
good faith. All communications re-  
ceived not signed by some responsible  
party, will go to the waste basket cer-  
tainly. We never will publish any  
communications without knowing the  
real name of the writer.

**Club Rates.**

We will send the Hartford  
HERALD and the *Riverside Weekly*, for  
one year, for the small sum of \$3.00  
and in addition thereto, each subscri-  
ber will get a premium of a splendid  
Lithograph. The *Riverside Weekly*, is  
devoted to Temperance and Literature  
and is one of the best family papers  
we know of. Subscribe at once.

**Great Inducement.**

We will furnish the *HARTFORD HER-  
ALD* and *Weekly Courier-Journal* for  
one year, to the same subscriber, at  
the same time, for the small sum of  
\$2.75. Subscribe at once.

**Notice.**

At a meeting of the stock holders  
of the Ohio County Agricultural and  
Mechanical Society, on the 15 day of  
July 1876, the following order was  
made, viz:

"The grounds belonging to the As-  
sociation having been sold by the  
Sheriff of Ohio county for debt, it  
is ordered that the secretary solicit  
subscription from among the stock  
holders to redeem the same. Said  
subscription to be open until the 1st  
of February, next."

Those wishing to subscribe, can do  
so by calling at the County Clerk's  
Office. SAM K. COX, Sec'y.  
July 17th, 1876.

**CONSUMPTION CURED.**

An old physician, retired from ac-  
tive practice, having placed in his  
hands by an East India Missionary  
the formula of a simple Vegetable  
Remedy, for the speedy and perma-  
nent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis,  
Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and  
Lung Affections, also a Positive and  
Radical cure for Nervous Debility and  
all Nervous Complaints, after having  
thoroughly tested its wonderful cura-  
tive powers in thousands of cases, feels  
it his duty to make it known to his  
suffering fellows. Actuated by this  
motivation, and a conscientious desire  
to relieve human suffering, he will send  
(free of charge) to all who desire it,  
this recipe, with full directions for pre-  
paring and successfully using. Sent  
by return mail by addressing with  
stamp, naming this paper.

Dr. W. C. STEVENS,  
Manure Block, Syracuse, N. Y.

**Try it—and You will Always use  
Wood's Improved.**

WOOD'S IMPROVED HAIR RESTORA-  
TIVE is unlike any other, and has no  
equal. The Improved has new vege-  
table tonic properties; restores grey  
hair to glossy, natural color; restores  
dresses, gives vigor to the hair; re-  
stores hair to prematurely bald heads;  
removes dandruff, humors, scalp eruptions;  
removes irritation, itching and  
scaly dryness. No article produces  
such wonderful effects. Try it, call for  
Wood's Improved Hair Restorative,  
and don't be put off with any other article.  
Sold by all druggists in this place and  
dealers everywhere. Trade supplied  
at manufacturer's prices by C. A. Cook  
& Co., Chicago, sole agents for the  
United States and Canada, and by  
John D. Park, Cincinnati.

Hon. J. R. UNDERWOOD, of Bow-  
ling Green, died last Wednesday. He  
would have been eighty-five years old  
next October. He has filled many  
responsible and important positions  
satisfactorily to the people.

**Grand Barbecue.**

There will be a Grand Barbecue at  
the No Creek bridge, three miles north  
of Hartford, on the Owensboro road,  
on Saturday, the 9th day of September,  
1876. A splendid dinner, excellent  
music and a good place for dancing  
will be promised. The Presidential  
electors are all invited, and are expect-  
ed to speak on the occasion.

D. A. WERN,  
A. L. BENNETT, } Prop's.

**Announcements.**

**For Congress.**  
We are authorized to announce JAMES  
A. McKENZIE, of Christian county, as a  
candidate to represent the 2d (Congress-  
ional District of Kentucky, in the 43th  
Congress, of the United States, subject to  
the decision of the Democratic District  
Convention.

We are authorized to announce  
Hon. IGNATIUS A. SPALDING, of  
Union county, as a candidate for  
Congress in the Second District of  
Kentucky, to succeed Hon. John  
Young Brown, Subject to the decision  
of a Democratic District Convention.

**HARTFORD  
SEMINARY.**

The next session of this School will  
commence on the first Monday of September, 1876,  
and continue Twenty Weeks, under the charge  
of Malcolm McIntyre A. B., assisted by Miss  
Sallia Peyton.  
**Terms Per Session.**  
Primary Department.....\$10.00  
Junior.....15.00  
Higher English.....20.00  
Latin, Greek or French (one or all, 25.00  
Music on piano.....20.00  
Incidental Fees, to be paid before en-  
rollment.....1.00  
One-half of the Tuition will be due at the  
middle of the Session, and the other half at  
the close. No deduction for absence, except in  
case of prolonged sickness. Students will  
be received at any time and charged from time  
of entering. Special attention paid to fitting  
boys for College. Board can be obtained at  
from \$2.50 to \$3.00 per week.

**BETHEL  
COLLEGE,**

Russellville, Ky.

The next session of this flourishing insti-  
tution begins August 31, 1876.  
Board and Lodging, ten dollars per month.  
Tuition, twenty dollars per annum.  
Theological students pay no tuition. Sons  
of acting ministers pay no tuition.  
**Faculty.**  
Leslie Waggoner A. M. Thos. W. Tobey D.D.  
Jas. H. Gray A. M. P. A. Pointer.  
C. M. Furman A. M. W. W. Gardner D.D.  
B. J. Dunn A. M.  
For full particulars address  
LESLIE WAGGONER, Chm.,  
Russellville, Ky.

**HARRY BRIDGES,  
—WITH—  
CARSON, DANIEL & CO.**

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
STABLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

No. 239, Main Street, bet. Eighth and Ninth,  
**LOUISVILLE, KY.**

**MASTER COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE**

Obel Liles & Son, Plaintiff. } Equity.  
Against  
Josiah Liles & Sons Defts.  
All persons having claims against the  
estate of Josiah Liles deceased, are re-  
quested to produce the same, properly  
proved, to the undersigned, Master Com-  
missioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, at  
his office in Hartford, Kentucky, on or  
before the 15th day of August, next, or they  
will be forever barred.  
E. R. MURRELL, M.C.O.C.C.  
June 21, 1876. n24-4t

**MASTER COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.**

Frank Griffin's Executor, Plff. } Equity.  
Against  
Frank Griffin's Devisee, Dft.  
All persons having Claims against the  
Estate of Frank Griffin deceased, are re-  
quested to produce the same, properly  
proved, to the undersigned, Master Com-  
missioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, at  
his office in Hartford, Kentucky, on or  
before the 15th day of October, next, or they  
will be forever barred.  
E. R. MURRELL, M.C.O.C.C.  
June 21st, 1876. n24-3m

**I. MENDEL. A. KAHN.**

**MENDEL & KAHN,**  
—DEALERS IN—  
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,  
CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES.

**Groceries,**

CROMWELL, KY.

In fact everything usually found in a first-  
class mercantile establishment. They buy their  
goods exclusively for Cash, therefore get them  
at much less figures than those who buy on 30,  
60 or 90 days time; hence they are enabled to  
sell for CASH at lower prices than any house  
in Ohio county.

**CALICOES FIVE CENTS PER YARD.**

They also buy all kinds of  
**Country Produce,**

For which they will pay the highest market  
prices. They return thanks to their many cus-  
tomers, for their very liberal patronage, and  
ask a continuance of the same. To those who  
have never favored them with their patronage,  
they ask them to call and

**GIVE THEM A TRIAL.**

**MENDEL & KAHN,**  
n23.

**A PRIVATE SALE.**

**THE BEAVER DAM FARM,**  
Situated at Beaver Dam Depot, Ohio county  
Ky., formerly owned by W. H. Smith, con-  
sisting about 200 acres and all the appurte-  
nances thereto. Propositions for purchase will  
be answered.

JOHN D. TAGGART, Trustee.  
N. E. 62, Second St., Louisville, Ky. n24-1.

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

HENRY D. MCHEENY, SAM. E. HILL.  
**MCHEENY & HILL.**  
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW  
HARTFORD, KY.

Will practice in Ohio and adjoining counties  
and in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky.  
not ly.

**F. P. MORGAN.**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
HARTFORD, KY.

(Office west of courthouse over Hartwick &  
Nell's store.)  
Will practice in inferior and superior courts  
of this commonwealth.  
Special attention given to cases in bank-  
ruptcy.  
F. P. Morgan is also examiner, and will  
take depositions correctly—will be ready to  
"bludge" all parties at all times.

JESSE E. FOOTE, W. N. SWEENEY,  
Hartford, Ky. Owensboro, Ky.

**FOGLE & SWEENEY,**  
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS  
AT LAW,  
HARTFORD, . . . KENTUCKY.

Will practice their profession in the  
Ohio county Circuit Court, and in the  
Court of Appeals of Kentucky.  
J. E. Fogle will also practice in the  
Circuit courts of adjoining counties, and  
in the interior courts of Ohio county.  
OFFICE—West side of Market street  
near courthouse.

K. D. WALKER, E. C. HUBBARD.

**WALKER & HUBBARD,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW  
AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,  
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY. not ly

**WM. F. GREGORY.**  
(County Judge.)  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
HARTFORD, KY.

Prompt attention given to the collection of  
claims. Office in the courthouse.

**JOHN P. BARRETT,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
and Real Estate Agent,  
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

Prompt attention given to the collection of  
claims. Will buy, sell, lease, or rent lands or  
mineral privileges on reasonable terms. Will  
write deeds, mortgages, leases, &c., and at-  
tend to filing and paying taxes on lands be-  
longing to non-residents.

**ROYAL  
INSURANCE COMP'NY  
OF  
LIVERPOOL.**

Security and Indemnity.  
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000 GOLD.

CASH ASSETS, OVER \$12,000,000 GOLD  
CASH ASSETS IN U. S., \$1,837,984 GOLD

Losses paid without discount, refer to 12th  
edition of Company's policy.

**BARBEE & CASTLEMAN,** General Agents,  
Louisville, Kentucky

**BARRETT & BRO., Agents,**  
HARTFORD, KY.

**J. F. YAGER.**

Sole and Livery, Stable,  
HARTFORD, KY.

I desire to inform the citizens of Hartford  
and vicinity that I am prepared to furnish stock  
and harness stock, buggies and conveyances  
of all kinds on the most reasonable terms.  
Horses taken to feed or board by the day, week  
or month. A liberal share of patronage sol-  
icited. not ly

**Z. WAYNE GRIFFIN,**

HARTFORD, KY.  
Dealer in  
Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals,  
Fine Toilet Soaps, Fancy Hair and Tooth  
Brushes, Perfumery and Fancy Toilet  
Articles, Trusses and Shoulder  
Braces,  
Garden Seeds.

Pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes  
Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs,  
Letter-paper, Pens, Ink, Envelopes, Glass  
Putty, Carbon oil, Lamps and Chimneys.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately com-  
pounded. not ly

**W. W. HARDWICK, A. T. NALL.**

**HARDWICK & NALL.**  
—DEALERS IN—  
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HATS, CAPS,  
BOOTS, SHOES, HARDWARE,  
QUEENSWARE, &c.

Which we will sell low for cash, or exchange  
for country produce, paying the highest market  
price. not ly

JAS. A. THOMAS, JOHN A. PLATT,  
HARTFORD, KY.

Dealers in staple and fancy  
**DRY GOODS.**

Notions, Fancy Goods, Clothing, Boots and  
Shoes, Hats and Caps. A large assortment  
of these goods kept constantly on hand, and will  
be sold at the very lowest cash price.  
not ly

**MASTER COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.**

S. D. Thoma, Admr., Plff. } Equity.  
Against  
Nancy J. Hawes et al, Defts.

All persons having Claims against the  
Estate of J. J. Hawes deceased, are re-  
quested to produce the same, properly  
proved, to the undersigned, Master Com-  
missioner of the Ohio Circuit Court, at



